

Is Non-Profit Property Tax Exemption Sound Public Policy?



About
the
Center
for
Non-Profits

Advocacy/Public Education

- Promoting New Jersey's non-profit community
- Public policy
- Research (non-profit statistics, trends)

Capacity Building

- Management/compliance assistance
- Workshops/seminars/Webinars
- Publications

Member Services

- E-newsletters, resource lists, info/referral
- Cost saving benefits

Why Taxing NonProfits is a Bad Idea

NOT a one-sided relationship

Significant social AND economic contributions

A small piece of the exemption puzzle

Non-profits already subsidize government

Devastating impact

A better approach



Essential programs and services

- Food pantries
- Afterschool programs
- Museums
- Hospitals
- Environmental protection
- Disaster relief
- Education
- Mental health

- Public journalism
- Faith-based organizations
- Philanthropy
- Drug/alcohol prevention
- Housing
- Senior care
- Human service
- Social justice

Touching every aspect of our lives



Economic impact

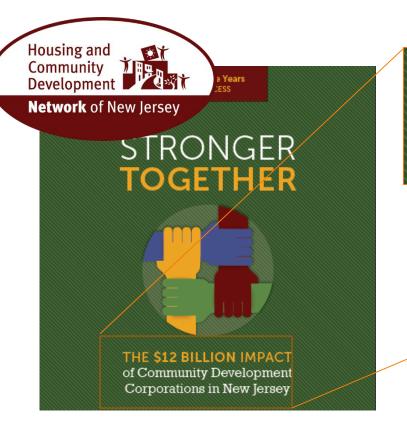
- 30,000 501(c)(3) orgs in NJ
- 314,000 employees
 - 9.8% of the state's private work force
 - More than construction, transportation, public utilities, finance and insurance industries
- \$38 billion in expenditures annually
- 1.6 million volunteers providing
 \$5.3 billion in service

Sources:

IRS Business Master File of Exempt Organizations; Urban Institute National Center for Charitable Statistics; U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics; Corporation for National and Community Service; Independent Sector

Economic impact

- Vital programs/services filling essential needs
- Fueling economic vitality (jobs + means to obtain/ retain/advance employment)
- Reducing government burdens, SAVING government resources
- Making towns attractive places to live, work and visit



THE \$12 BILLION IMPACT

of Community Development Corporations in New Jersey

Since 1989



THE ARTS MEAN BUSINESS

Did you know that the non-profit arts industry in New Jersey generates over \$1.5 billion each year? This total includes direct spending by arts organizations (payroll, goods and services) and related spending by visitors to cultural events (meals, lodging, parking). Combined, this activity also generates over \$40 million each year in state income and sales taxes.

Non-profits make communities better

Smithsonian, "20 Best Small Towns in America" 2012

actively sought towns with "high concentrations of museums, historic sites, botanic gardens...and other cultural assets."

3 Red Bank

12 Princeton



Image from www.trentonian.com

Most exempt property is NOT non-profit!

Government-owned property (public property, public schools, etc.) accounts for nearly three times the exempt property value as charities, churches and private schools combined.

Tax-exempt property owned by charities, churches and non-public schools accounts for **only 2% of all property values** in the state.

Source: NJ Department of Community Affairs, Division of Local Government Services, 2015 Abstract of Ratables

Challenges on the rise

NOT just hospitals and universities

- Supportive housing
- Child care
- Social service
- Arts
- Nursing homes
- Camden
- Red Bank
- Lawrenceville
- Newton
- And many others

Increased non-profit vulnerability

A slippery slope?

Hospitals

Universities

Larger non-profits

Medium and small non-profits

Increased non-profit vulnerability

Third-Party Standing / Burden of Proof

- Any resident of municipality or county may challenge tax assessor's determination
- Low filing fee
- Minimal grounds needed to bring challenge
- November 2015 Tax Court ruling: Burden of re-proving exemption rests with non-profit
- Makes organizations of all sizes –
 particularly unpopular or controversial
 ones vulnerable to arbitrary
 challenges

NON-PROFITS ALREADY SUBSIDIZE THE GOVERNMENT.

Subsidizing the government

- Providing essential programs & services
- Government offloading programs and services onto non-profits
- Contracts that don't cover full costs
- Needlessly burdensome contract application, reporting and monitoring requirements
- Late payments, delayed paperwork
- No COLAs; or funding cuts

Subsidizing the government

National Study of Nonprofit-Government Contracting

New Jersey



Survey Results (2012 Data)

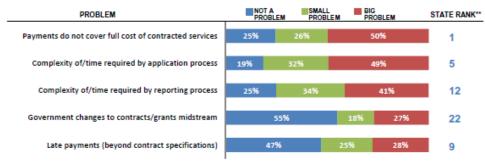
Center on Nonprofits and Philanthrop

Nonprofit-Government Contracts and Grants*

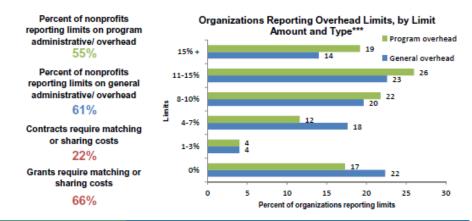
2012 Government Experience Compared to Previous Year



Problems with Government Contracts and Grants



Nonprofits Reporting Limitations on Full Costs in Government Contracts and Grants



73

Subsidizing the government

New Jersey Survey Renate (2012 Date) Survey Remark (2012 Date) Survey Remark (2012 Date) Survey Remark (2012 Date) Another Survey Remark (2012 Date) A

Nationwide survey

New Jersey

- "Worst in the nation" in terms of government contracts that don't cover the cost of services
- 61% of respondents reported that governments arbitrarily put caps on administrative or overhead costs (e.g., accounting, technology, maintenance) that are required for non-profits to be effective.

Source: Urban Institute, National Survey of Nonprofit Government Contracts and Grants – State Profiles, 2014

Subsidizing the government

New Jersey Servey Measure (2012 Date | Control of Cont

Nationwide survey

- 55% reported that governments reimburse for admin/overhead costs at 10% or less.
- National studies suggest "normal" overhead for both FOR-PROFIT businesses and non-profits is 25% to 35% or more.
- Capping payments at 10% or below is forcing non-profits to subsidize governments.

Non-Profit Resources are Already Stretched



GROWING DEMANU

Rising Need

National and NJ surveys:

3/4 to 4/5 of survey respondents consistently report rising demand for services.

This upward trend has been reported by non-profits for numerous consecutive years.

2016 NJ Non-Profit Survey:

nearly 75% of NJ respondents said demand had risen in 2015.

78%
projected that
demand would
continue to rise in
2016.

Sources: Nonprofit Finance Fund, State of the Sector surveys, 2015 and prior years; Center for Non-Profits, New Jersey Non-Profits: Trends and Outlook survey reports, multiple years

Rising Need

UNMET NEED

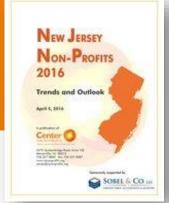
Over half
of national survey
respondents said they
could not meet
the increased demand.

Source: Nonprofit Finance Fund, State of the Sector survey, 2015

Resources Not Keeping Pace

42% of survey respondents reported funding increases in the previous fiscal year...

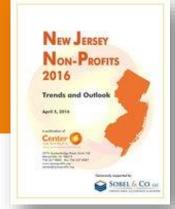
...but 65% reported expense increases in the same period.



Source: Center for Non-Profits, New Jersey Non-Profits: Trends and Outlook, 2016

Resources Not Keeping Pace 35% of all 2016 respondents – and 44% of organizations with budgets of \$1.5 million or more - reported that expenses exceeded support & revenue in the previous fiscal year.

31% of respondent organizations said they have **no cash reserve**.



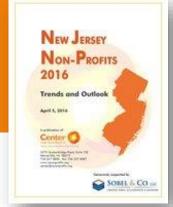
Source: Center for Non-Profits, New Jersey Non-Profits: Trends and Outlook, 2016

Resources Not Keeping Pace

70% of respondents predicted expense increases in 2016.

78% predicted **rising demand** in 2016

...only 47% expected that overall funding would increase.



Source: Center for Non-Profits, New Jersey Non-Profits: Trends and Outlook, 2016



Think REGIONALLY

A BETTER APPROACH

Work TOGETHER

REDUCE RISKS of arbitrary challenges

Center FOR NON-PROFITS Helping organizations build a better New Jersey

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